IN THE CLAIMS

The following claim set replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1. (Currently Amended) An aqueous superplasticizer solution for concrete compositions comprising a polymeric superplasticizer and an air-detraining effective amount of an air detraining agent which includes block polyether containing ethylene oxide and propylene oxide units, said block polyether having a number average molecular weight of between about 700 to about 3500, and being initiated with an initiator containing reactive diamine or glycol terminal groups capable of adding to C₂ C₄ epoxides.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 1, wherein the <u>polymeric superplasticizer</u> air detraining agent includes a comb polymer represented by the following general formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R1 \\
 & \leftarrow CH_2 & \rightarrow \\
R2 & \leftarrow CH_2 & \rightarrow \\
R3 & \rightarrow \\
R4 & \rightarrow \\
R4
\end{array}$$

where $R_1 = H$ or CH_3 ;

 $R_2 = COOM$, OCH_3 , SO_3M , $O-CO-CH_3$, $CO-NH_2$, where M is a salt of Na, Ca, K, or Mg;

 R_3 = an alkylene oxide group selected from the group consisting of ethylene oxide, propylene oxide and/or butylene oxide, and wherein the alkylene oxide groups can be in either a block or random distribution;

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 $R_4 = CH_3$ or alkyl;

 $Q = C(O)O,C(O)NH, CH_2O, CH_2N, O;$

m and n are such that between 98% to 2 % of m units and between about 2% to about 98% of n units are present in the polymer; and p is between 1 to 300.

3. (Currently Amended) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 1 claim 2, wherein the air detraining agent includes a block polyether which is a block copolymer of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide represented by the following general formula (II):

 $[R_3R_2]_n(R_1)_n$

wherein:

 R_1 is an initiator containing reactive <u>diamine or glycol</u> terminal groups capable of adding to $C_2 - C_4$ epoxides,

R₂ is either propylene oxide or butylene oxide;

R₃ is ethylene oxide, and

n represents the functionality of the initiator and is a number greater than or equal to 2, and wherein

R₃ and R₂ are interchangeable in the formula.

- 4. (Original) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 3, wherein the block polyether is a block copolymer of ethylene oxide and up to about 30% of propylene oxide.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 1 claim 3, wherein the air detraining agent is dispersed throughout the solution in an amount between about 0.01 wt.% to about 1.0 wt.%.
- 6. (Original) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 5, wherein the air detraining agent is dispersed throughout the solution in an amount between about 0.01 wt.% to about 0.7 wt.%.

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- 7. (Original) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 5, wherein the air detraining agent is dispersed throughout the solution in an amount between about 0.1 wt.% to about 0.5 wt.%.
- 8. (Original) A cement composition which comprises a hydraulic cement and an aqueous superplasticizer solution as in any one of claims 1-7.
- 9. (Original) The composition of claim 8, wherein the superplasticizer solution is present in an amount of at least about 0.005 wt.%, based on the total weight of the cement composition.
- 10. (Original) The composition of claim 9, wherein the superplasticizer solution is present in an amount between about 0.005 wt.% to about 5.0 wt.%.
- 11. (Original) The composition of claim 9, wherein the superplasticizer solution is present in an amount between about 0.03 wt.% to about 1.0 wt.%.
- 12. (New) An aqueous superplasticizer solution for concrete compositions comprising a polymeric superplasticizer and an air-detraining effective amount of an air detraining agent which includes an ethylene oxide-propylene oxide block polyether having a number average molecular weight of between about 700 to about 2500 and being initiated with an initiator containing reactive diamine or glycol terminal groups.
- 13. (New) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 12, wherein the block polyether is a block copolymer of ethylene oxide and up to about 30% of propylene oxide.
- 14. (New) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 13, wherein the initiator is ethylene diamine or propylene glycol.

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- 15. (New) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 14, wherein the air detraining agent is dispersed throughout the solution in an amount between about 0.01 wt.% to about 1.0 wt.%.
- 16. (New) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 15, wherein the air detraining agent is dispersed throughout the solution in an amount between about 0.01 wt.% to about 0.7 wt.%.
- 17. (New) The aqueous superplasticizer solution of claim 15, wherein the air detraining agent is dispersed throughout the solution in an amount between about 0.1 wt.% to about 0.5 wt.%.
- 18. (New) A cement composition which comprises a hydraulic cement and an aqueous superplasticizer solution as in any one of claims 12-17.